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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/427,114	10/26/1999	MITSURU OBARA	009683-353	2737

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BUCHANAN INGERSOLL PC
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EXAMINER

MEONSKE, TONIA L

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2183

DATE MAILED: 07/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/427,114

Applicant(s)

OBARA ET AL.

Examiner

Tonia L. Meonske

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 May 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 7, 10, and 20 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Orimo et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,630,135 (herein referred to as Orimo) in view of Charles et al., US Patent 5,790,842 (herein referred to as Charles).

4. Referring to claim 26, Orimo has taught an image processing device comprising:

- a. a first image processor for executing first image processing in image data (Orimo, figure 1, column 2, lines 1-25, one of the first processors, column 11, lines 18-21);
- b. a second image processor for executing second image processing on said image data that was subjected to the first image processing (Orimo, figure 1, column 2, lines 1-25, second processor, column 11, lines 18-21); and

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- c. a memory for storing said image data in association with state information to represent the processing state of said image data (Orimo, figure 5, column 5, lines 1-12), wherein
 - d. said first and second image processings are asynchronously executed on said image data by said first and second image processors (Orimo, column 2, lines 9-16, Where the processors only rely on completion of a processing by the previous processor, not a clock signal, to determine when to execute the next processing.).
 - e. Orimo has not specifically taught said first and second image processors share said memory. However, Charles has taught image data processors sharing a common memory. Charles has further taught that having a shared memory eliminates the need for separate memory devices in multiple processing systems and thus permits a more efficient and cost effective processing system implementation (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the first and second image processors of Orimo share a memory, as taught by Charles, for the desirable purpose of eliminating the need for separate memory devices for each processor and thus permit a more efficient and cost effective processing system implementation (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63).
5. Claim 25 does not recite limitations above the claimed invention set forth in claim 26 and is therefore rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 26 above.
6. Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Orimo et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,630,135 (herein referred to as Orimo) in view of

<http://foldoc.doc.ic.ac.uk/foldoc/foldoc.cgi?query=image> (herein referred to as FOLDOC), and

Charles et al., US Patent 5,790,842 (herein referred to as Charles).

7. Referring to claim 1, Orimo has taught a data processing system comprising:
 - a. a plurality of processors for executing a series of different types of processing functions on data to be processed (Orimo, figure 1, column 2, lines 1-25, a first processor and a second processor, column 11, lines 18-21) in a prescribed order (Orimo, column 2, lines 1-25) each processor executing a processing function different from one another (column 11, lines 18-21) and said data to be processed being image data that consists of a plurality of pixel data (abstract, column 10, lines 31-36, column 12, lines 60-65, Orimo has taught an image in a computer, or a digital image. Orimo has not specifically stated that the digital image consists of a plurality of pixel data. However, FOLDOC supports that a digital image is composed of a plurality of pixels.) ; and
 - b. a memory for storing said data to be processed in association with state information to represent the processing to be performed next for each pixel data of said data to be processed (Orimo, figure 5, column 5, lines 1-12), wherein
 - c. said processing functions are asynchronously executed on said data to be processed by said plurality of processors (Orimo, column 2, lines 9-16, Where the processors only rely on completion of a processing by the previous processor, not a clock signal, to determine when to execute the next processing.) one processing is executed on each pixel data by one of the processors at a time (column 2, lines 1-49).
 - d. Orimo et al. have not specifically taught that said plurality of processors share said memory. However, Charles has taught image data processors sharing a common

memory. Charles has further taught that having a shared memory eliminates the need for separate memory devices in multiple processing systems and thus permits a more efficient and cost effective processing system implementation (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the processors of Orimo share a memory, as taught by Charles, for the desirable purpose of eliminating the need for separate memory devices for each processor and thus permit a more efficient and cost effective processing system implementation (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63).

8. Referring to claim 2, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of processors each determine if said data to be processed can be processed based on said state information (Orimo, column 4, lines 4-9, column 5, lines 27-39).
9. Referring to claim 3, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 2, wherein the plurality of processors each execute a processing on said data to be processed, and then rewrite said state information corresponding to the processed data (Orimo, column 7, lines 54-56).
10. Referring to claim 4, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 1, further comprising a first controller for controlling said plurality of processors to execute said series of processing functions based on said state information (Orimo, figure 1, element 100, column 4, lines 4-9, column 5, lines 27-39, Each processor controls itself to execute the processings based on state information and each individual control cooperates with the control of the other processors to provide control for the entire system.).

11. Referring to claim 5, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 4, wherein said first controller rewrites said state information corresponding to processed data in response to the completion of each processing by said plurality of processors (Orimo, figure 1, element 100, column 7, lines 54-56, Each processor controls itself to rewrite state information upon completion of each processing and each individual control cooperates with the control of the other processors to provide control for the entire system.).

12. Referring to claims 6 and 7, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 1, further comprising a second controller for determining an attribute of said data to be processed (Orimo, column 5, lines 39-49), wherein said second controller rewrites said state information corresponding to said data to be processed in order to change the order of executing said series of processings if it is determined that said data to be processed has a prescribed attribute (Orimo, column 8, lines 46-66).

13. Referring to claim 8, Orimo has taught the data processing system wherein said memory has one region to store said state information corresponding to a single region where data to be processed is stored (Orimo, figure 2, elements 201 and 205).

14. Referring to claim 9, Orimo has taught the data processing system wherein said memory has one region to store said state information corresponding to a plurality of regions where data to be processed is stored (Orimo figure 5, elements 3060 and 3063).

15. Referring to claim 10, Orimo has taught the data processing system wherein said data to be processed is image data (Orimo, see abstract).

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16. Claims 11-16, and 18-20 do not recite limitations above the claimed invention set forth in claims 1-6 and 8-10 and are therefore rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejections of claims 1-6 and 8-10 above.

17. Referring to claim 17, Orimo has taught the data processing system according to claim 16, wherein said second control means rewrites said state information corresponding to said data to be processed in order to remove a part of said series of processing functions, if it is determined that said data to be processed has a prescribed attribute (Orimo, column 6, lines 16-43, The process must be removed from the series of processings in order to execute.).

18. Referring to claim 21, Orimo in Combination with Charles and FOLDOC have taught the data processing system of claim 1, as described above, and wherein a given data item is stored at the same location in said memory after each of said plurality of processing functions is performed on said given data item (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63).

19. Referring to claim 22, Orimo in Combination with Charles and FOLDOC have taught the data processing system of claim 21, as described above, and wherein the state information for said given data item is stored at the same location in said memory after each of said plurality of processing functions is performed on said given data item (Charles, Column 27, lines 53-63).

20. Claims 23 and 24 do not recite limitations above the claimed invention set forth in claims 21 and 22 and are therefore rejected for the same reasons set forth in the rejections of claims 21 and 22 above.

Response to Arguments

21. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-26 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

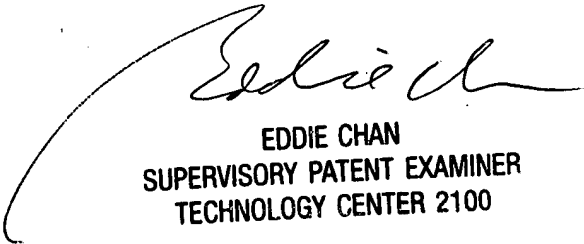
22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tonia L. Meonske whose telephone number is (571) 272-4170.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8-4:30.

23. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie P. Chan can be reached on (571) 272-4162. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

24. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tlm



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